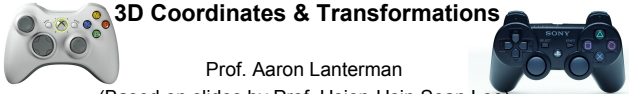



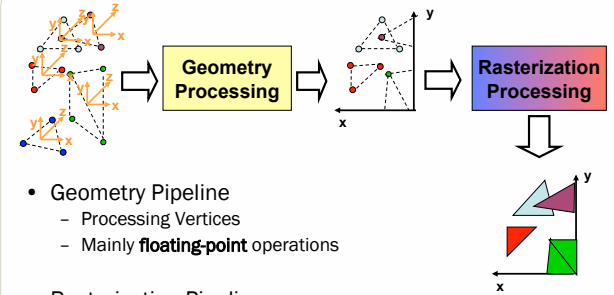
ECE4893A/CS4803MPG:  
**MULTICORE AND GPU**  
**PROGRAMMING**  
**FOR VIDEO GAMES**

**3D Coordinates & Transformations**


Prof. Aaron Lanterman  
 (Based on slides by Prof. Hsien-Hsin Sean Lee)  
 School of Electrical and Computer Engineering  
 Georgia Institute of Technology

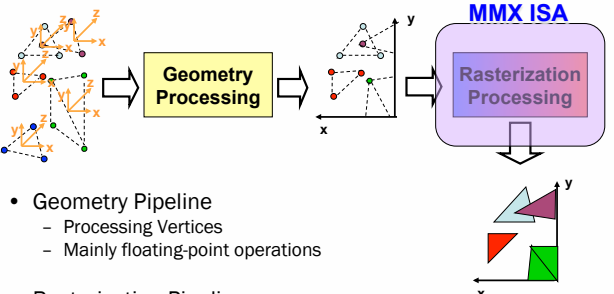
### 3D graphics rendering pipeline (1)




- Geometry Pipeline
  - Processing Vertices
  - Mainly **floating-point** operations
- Rasterization Pipeline
  - Processing Pixels
  - Mainly dealing with **Integer** operations



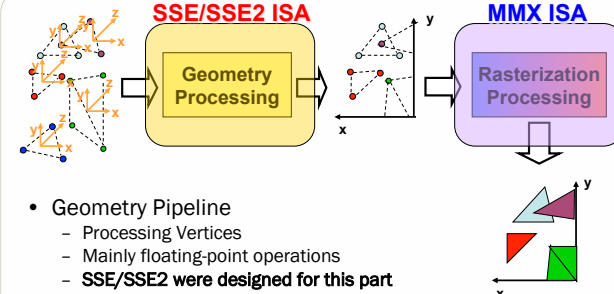
### 3D graphics rendering pipeline (2)




- Geometry Pipeline
  - Processing Vertices
  - Mainly floating-point operations
- Rasterization Pipeline
  - Processing Pixels
  - Mainly dealing with Integer operations
  - **MMX was originally designed to accelerate this type of functionality**



### 3D graphics rendering pipeline (3)



- Geometry Pipeline
  - Processing Vertices
  - Mainly floating-point operations
  - **SSE/SSE2 were designed for this part**
- Rasterization Pipeline
  - Processing Pixels
  - Mainly dealing with Integer operations
  - **MMX was originally designed to accelerate this type of functionality**



### Fixed-function 3D graphics pipeline

- Geometry Pipeline
  - Processing Vertices
  - Mainly floating-point operations
  - ~~SSE/SSE2 were designed for this part~~
- Rasterization Pipeline
  - Processing Pixels
  - Mainly dealing with Integer operations
  - ~~MMX was originally designed to accelerate this type of functionality~~

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### 3D Coord: Math textbooks use z-up

Z-up, Right-Handed System

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### 3D Coord: Real games tend to use y-up

**Left-Handed System**

- Direct3D
- Unity3D

**Right-Handed System**

- OpenGL
- XNA

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### X-Y natural for screen coordinates

**Left-Handed System**

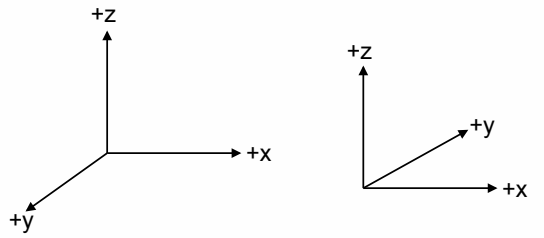
- Direct3D
- Unity3D

**Right-Handed System**

- OpenGL
- XNA

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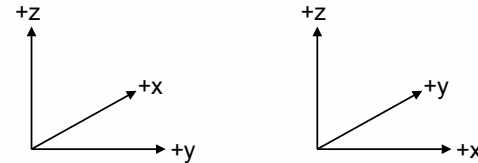
### Some use Z-up for world coordinates



Left-Handed System      Right-Handed System

- Z-up, LHS: Unreal
- Z-up, RHS: Quake/Radiant, Source/Hammer, C4 Engine
- Nearly everything still uses Y-up for screen coordinates!

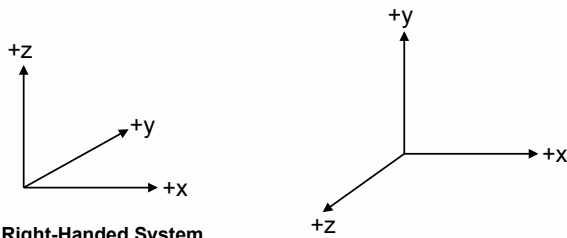
### Another view



Left-Handed System      Right-Handed System

- Unreal
- Quake/Radiant
- Source/Hammer
- C4 Engine

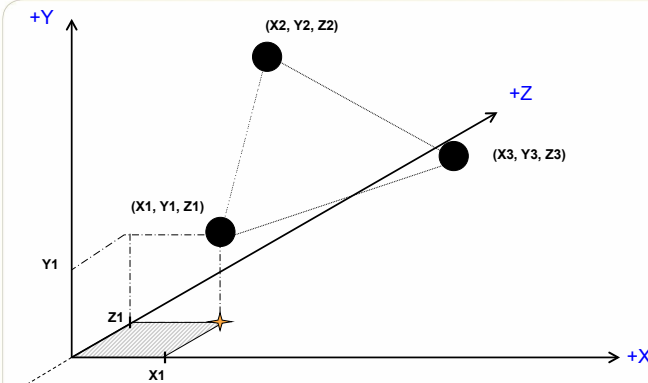
### 3D “object” modeling software

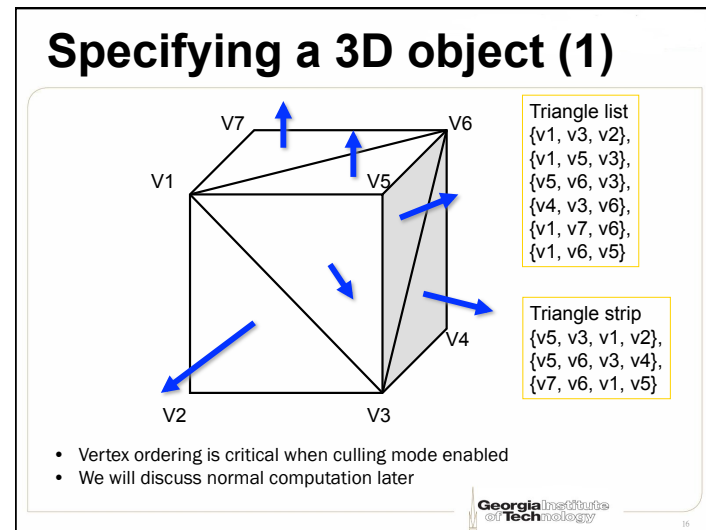
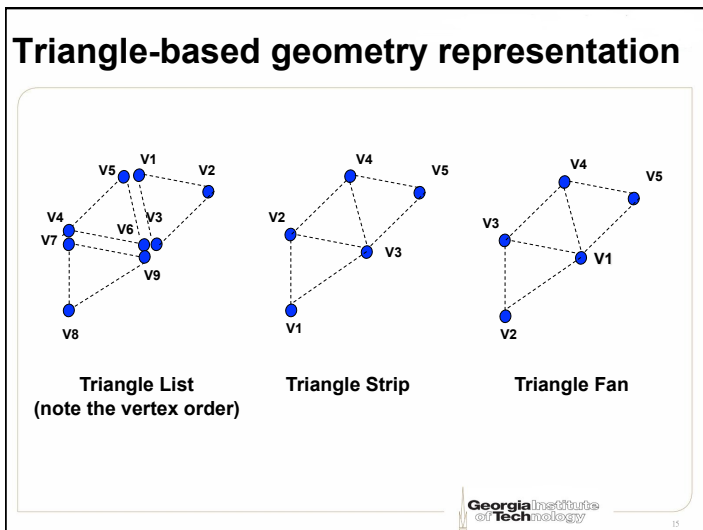
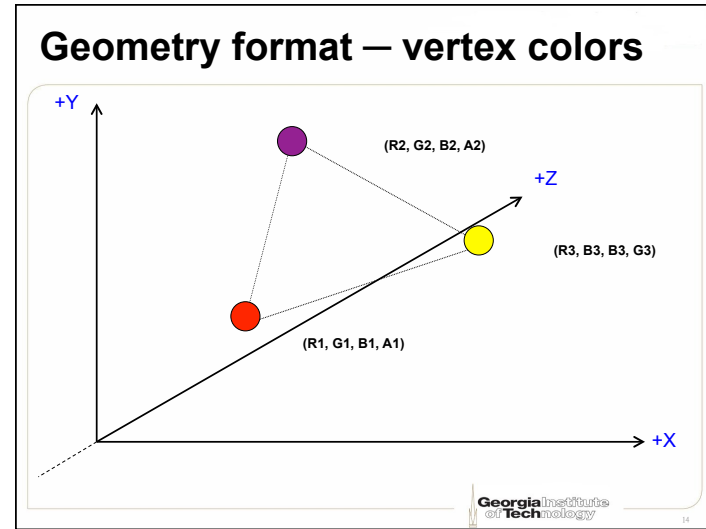
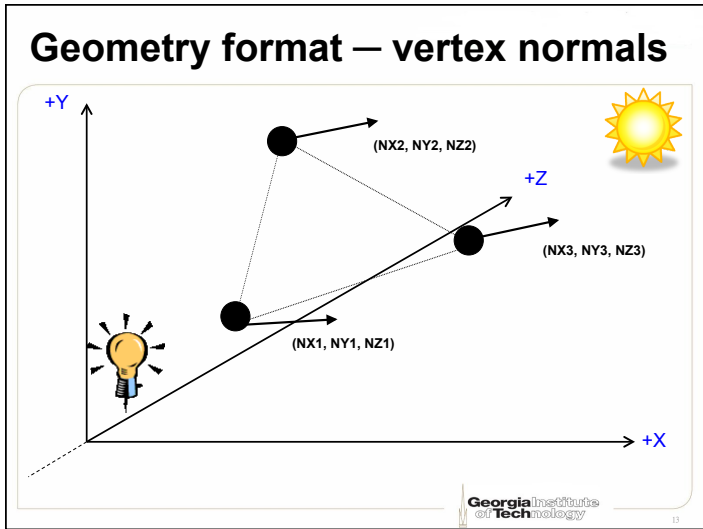


Right-Handed System      Right-Handed System

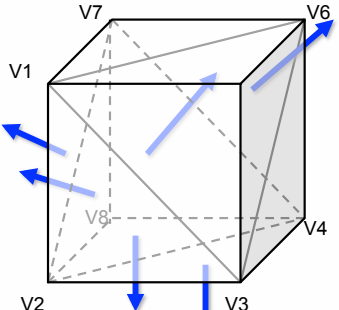
3D Studio Max, Blender      Maya, Milkshape

### Geometry format – vertex coordinates





## Specifying a 3D object (2)



Triangle list

- {v1, v2, v7},
- {v2, v8, v7},
- {v2, v3, v4},
- {v2, v4, v8},
- {v4, v7, v8},
- {v4, v6, v7}

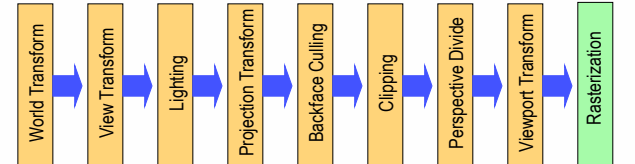
Triangle strip

- {v1, v2, v7, v8},
- {v3, v4, v2, v8},
- {v6, v7, v4, v8}

- Vertex ordering is critical when culling mode enabled
- We will discuss normal computation later

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## 3D rendering pipeline



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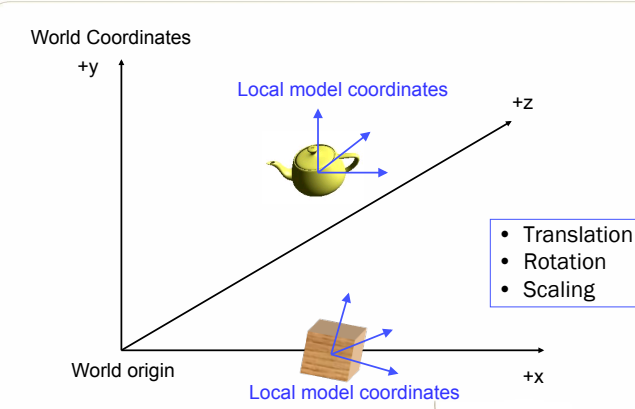
## Transformation pipeline

- World Transformation
  - Model coordinates → World coordinates
- View Transformation
  - World coordinates → Camera space
- Projection Transformation
  - Camera space → View plane

- These are a series of matrix multiplications

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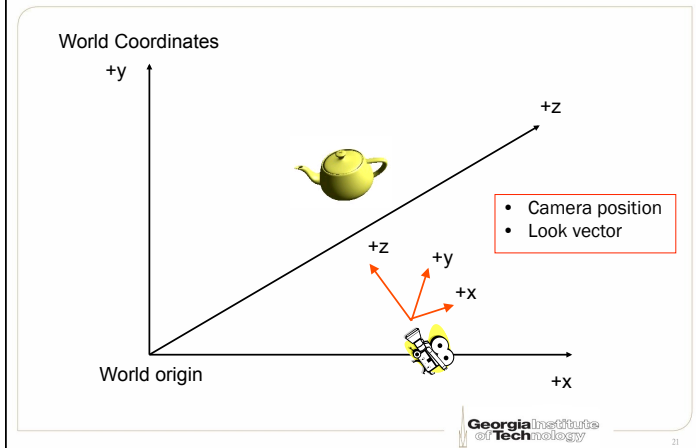
## World transformation



- Translation
- Rotation
- Scaling

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## View transformation



## Projection transformation

- Set up camera internals
  - Field of View (FOV)
  - View frustum
  - View planes
- Will discuss in the next lecture

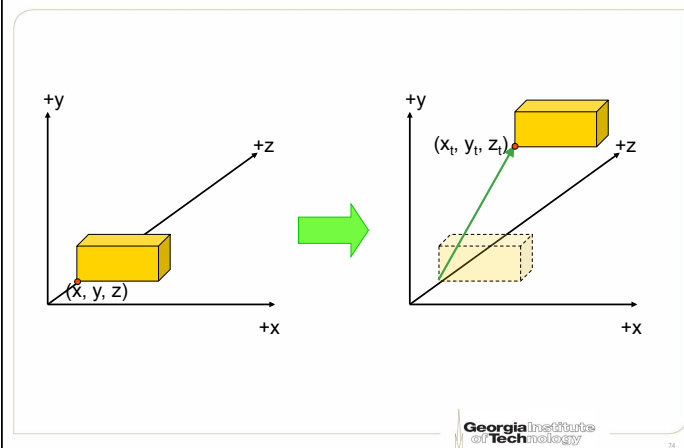
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## Homogeneous coordinates

- Enable all transformations to be done by “multiplication”
  - Primarily for translation (see next few slides)
- Add one coordinate ( $w$ ) to a 3D vector
- Each vertex has  $[x, y, z, w]$ 
  - $w$  will be useful for perspective projection
  - $w$  should be 1 in a Cartesian coordinate system

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## Transformation 1: translation (Offset)

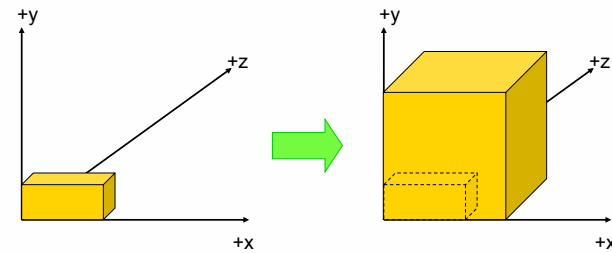


## Translation matrix

$$[x_t, y_t, z_t, 1] = [x, y, z, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ T_x & T_y & T_z & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Example of a row-coordinate convention
- Direct3D & XNA use row coordinates
- OpenGL uses column coordinates

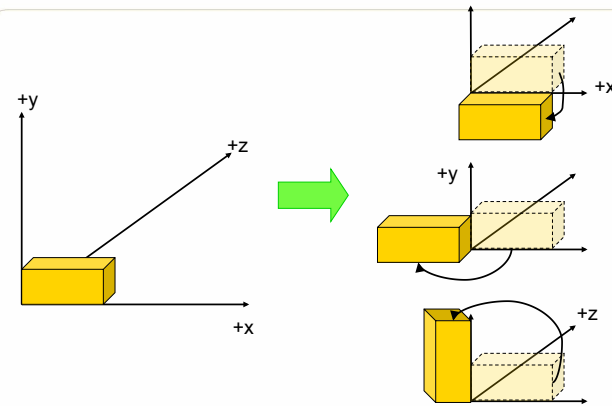
## Transformation 2: scaling



## Scaling matrix

$$[x_s, y_s, z_s, 1] = [x, y, z, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Transformation 3: rotation



## 2D rotation

$[x', y', 1] = [x, y, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Rotate along which axis?

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## 3D rotation matrix (LHS)

Rotation along **Z** axis  $[x', y', z', 1] = [x, y, z, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Rotation along **Y** axis  $[x', y', z', 1] = [x, y, z, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & 0 & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Rotation along **X** axis  $[x', y', z', 1] = [x, y, z, 1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

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## Non-commutative property (1)

1. Counter-clockwise 90° along y
2. Clockwise 90° along x

1. Clockwise 90° along x
2. Counter-clockwise 90° along y

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## Non-commutative property (2)

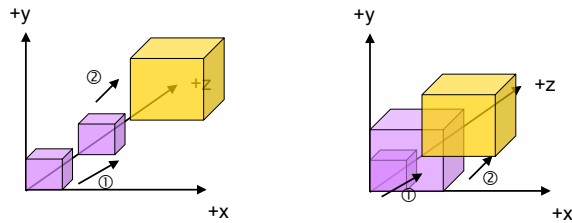
- ①  $\begin{bmatrix} \cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 & -\sin(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 & \cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) & \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) & \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- ②  $(x'', y'', z'') = (-z, -x, y)$

- ①  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) & \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) & \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 & -\sin(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 & \cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- ②  $(x'', y'', z'') = (-y, -z, x)$

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### Non-commutative property (3)



1. Translation by (x, y, z)
2. Scale by 2 times

1. Scale by 2 times
2. Translation by (x, y, z)

### Non-commutative property (4)

$$\begin{matrix} \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ T_x & T_y & T_z & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & = & \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ S_x T_x & S_y T_y & S_z T_z & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$(x', y', z') = (x * S_x + S_x * T_x, y * S_y + S_y * T_y, z * S_z + S_z * T_z)$

Offsets were scaled as well

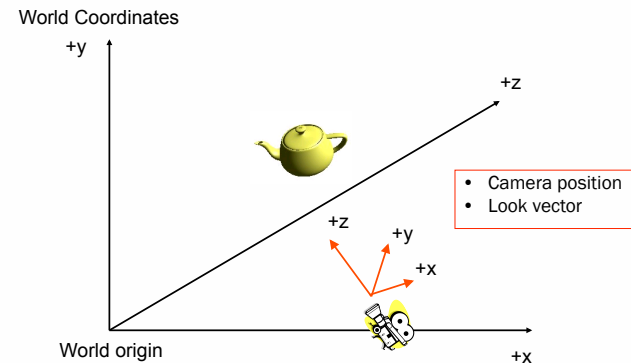
$$\begin{matrix} \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} \\ \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ T_x & T_y & T_z & 1 \end{bmatrix} & = & \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ T_x & T_y & T_z & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$(x', y', z') = (x * S_x + T_x, y * S_y + T_y, z * S_z + T_z)$

### Non-commutative property (5)

- Ordering matters !
- Be careful when performing matrix multiplication

### View transformation revisited



- Camera position
- Look vector

## Specifying the view transformation

- Most commonly parameterized by:
  - Position of camera
  - Position of point to look at
  - Vector indicating “up” direction of camera
- In Direct3D: `D3DXMatrixLookAtLH`
  - D3D uses a LHS, but also have `D3DXMatrixLookAtRH`
- In XNA: `Matrix.CreateLookAt` (RHS)
- In OpenGL: `gluLookAt` (RHS)
- Can also build a rotation+translation matrix as if the camera was an object in scene, then take the inverse of that matrix

[msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb205342\(VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb205342(VS.85).aspx)  
[msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb205343\(VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb205343(VS.85).aspx)

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