

## GRAMMAR B1 EINHEIT 8

No overarching point of grammar is introduced in this unit. You simply learn how to work with a few words or expressions.

The first of these is *nicht nur...sondern auch* which means ñnot onlyí but alsoö. First you need to understand the use of *sondern*. *Sondern* means ñbutö in the sense of ñratherö or ñon the contraryö. *Sondern* is used after a negative first clause. *Wir gehen nicht ins Kino sondern ins Schwimmbad*. If ñratherö or ñon the contraryö can be substituted for ñbutö use *sondern*. *Sondern auch* is a logical extension of this. If you have a negative plus *nur* use *sondern auch*. *Wir gehen nicht nur ins Kino sondern auch ins Schwimmbad*.

*Deswegen, daher, darum, and deshalb* all express a reason or reasons for doing something or for something happening and are translated as ñthereforeö or ñthat's whyö. Whether they introduce a sentence or a clause they are followed by the verb. *Er hat sich immer für Technik interessiert, deshalb/daher/darum/deswegen ist er Ingenieur geworden.*

The verb *lassen* is used when you want to express the idea of having something done. *Wir lassen uns ein Haus bauen. Ich lasse mich von Freunden vom Bahnhof abholen.*

You may also use a modal plus *lassen* to express the same the need to have something done. *Ich muss mir noch die Haare schneiden lassen.*

Although the above represents all the new grammar introduced in this unit, I want to make you aware of another use of *lassen*.

*Lassen* also means ñto letö or ñallowö. *Meine Mutter lässt mich mit Hans ins Kino gehen.*