

Coastal Connections

Promoting Resilient Communities

University of Delaware

Prepared for the Coastal Connections
Online Speaker Panel
Fall 2020



DeIRAP
Resilience Awareness Project



The Delaware Resilience Awareness Project (DelRAP) is an interdisciplinary team of student designers and researchers seeking to raise statewide awareness of sea-level rise and intensifying storms. Through digital storytelling and outreach, DelRAP promotes conversations on coastal resiliency, while cultivating data to inform future resiliency planning.

Our Panelists

Dr. Jules Bruck, PLA, ASLA

Anna Wik, PLA, ASLA, SITES AP

Andy Fox, PLA, FSLA

Dr. Galen Newman, PLA

Please visit our webpage to view our past and ongoing projects and for contact information online at:

<https://sites.udel.edu/resilience-awareness-project/>

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Little Creek Conceptual Plan

LITTLE CREEK, DELAWARE

SEA LEVEL RISE
PUBLIC PARKS
COMMERCIAL REVITALIZATION

August, 2020

The goal of the Little Creek conceptual plan is to mitigate the effects of flooding caused by stormwater overflow, revitalize local economic development, protect against sea level rise, and lay out a community branding strategy. In this conceptual design, CRDS has reclaimed underutilized land in the town park, the newly designed commercial district, and much of the undeveloped land along the town boundary. With the addition of a biking trail, micro retail space, and improved stormwater management systems, Little Creek is now poised to greatly improve its economic vitality, resilience to climate change, and town pride.



Redesigned retail space at Waterman's Village in the Little Creek commercial district



Bayshore Bikeway trailhead

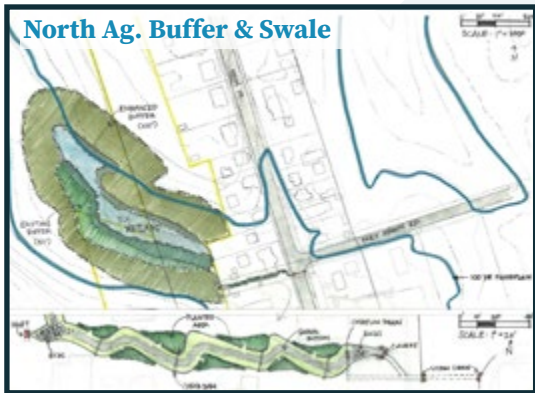
Project Team

Dr. Jules Bruck, Landscape Architect
Emma Ruggiero, Senior Designer
Joshua Gainey, Senior Designer
Mark Switliski, Senior Designer
Leigh Muldrow, Junior Designer
Olivia Boon, Junior Designer
Christopher Fettke von Koeckritz, Junior Designer
DJ Bromley, Junior Designer



Street banners and Bayshore Bikeway signage

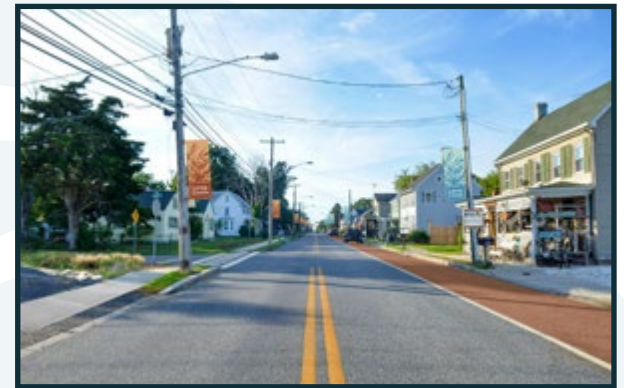




Green infrastructure implementation



The Little Creek Park redesign



A redesigned Main Street



The Little Creek conceptual master plan



A constructed wetland at Little Creek Park



Waterman's Village in the Little Creek commercial district

Zwaanendael - DeVries Monument

LEWES, DELAWARE

June, 2020

The objective of this pilot project is to create a recreational space surrounding an existing monument that adapts to changes in the environment, including sea level rise and increased erosion, while preserving the historical value of the property.



An early sketch showing an axial view approaching the monument from downtown Lewes

Additionally, CRDS aims to promote accessibility from downtown Lewes

to the space, thereby encouraging a greater connection between

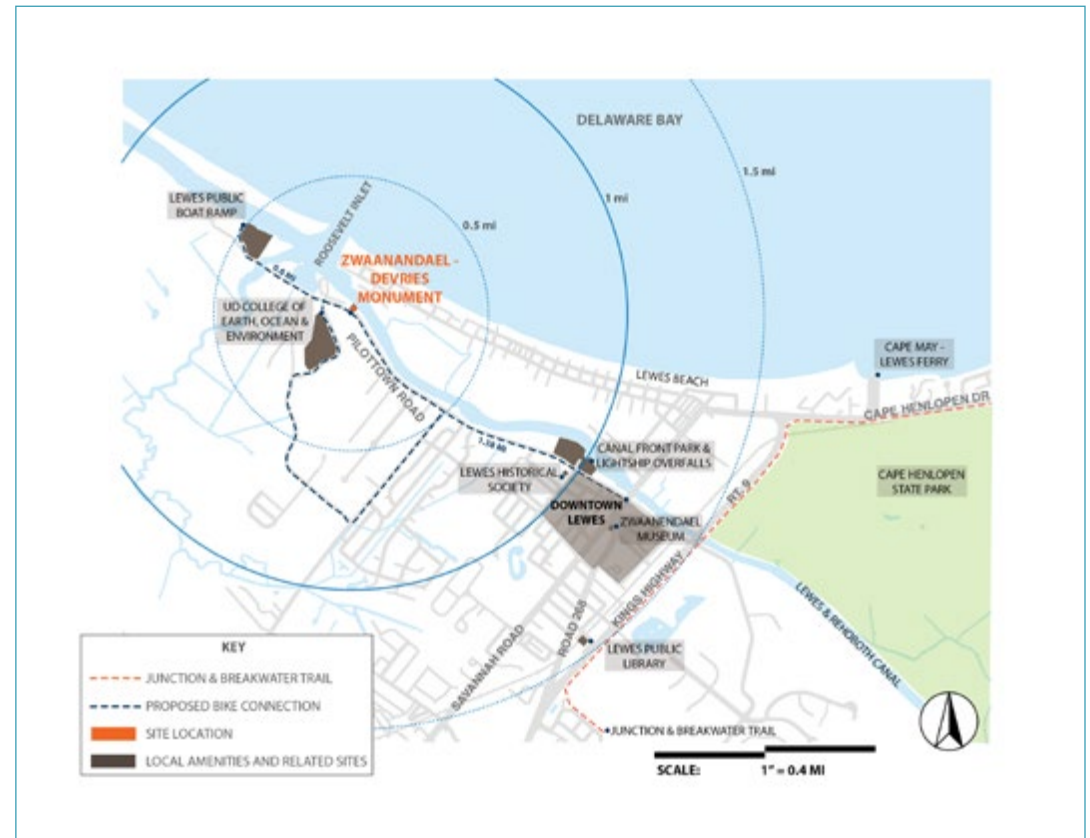
historic downtown, the monument, and the nearby

University of Delaware College of Earth, Ocean, and Environment

Hugh R. Sharp Campus. In order to ensure valid outcomes for this project, student designers from the CRDS conducted a thorough analysis before drafting design recommendations for the Zwaanendael-de Vries Monument site.



Rendering of the seating pavilion structure with shade sails



Connectivity and site context map



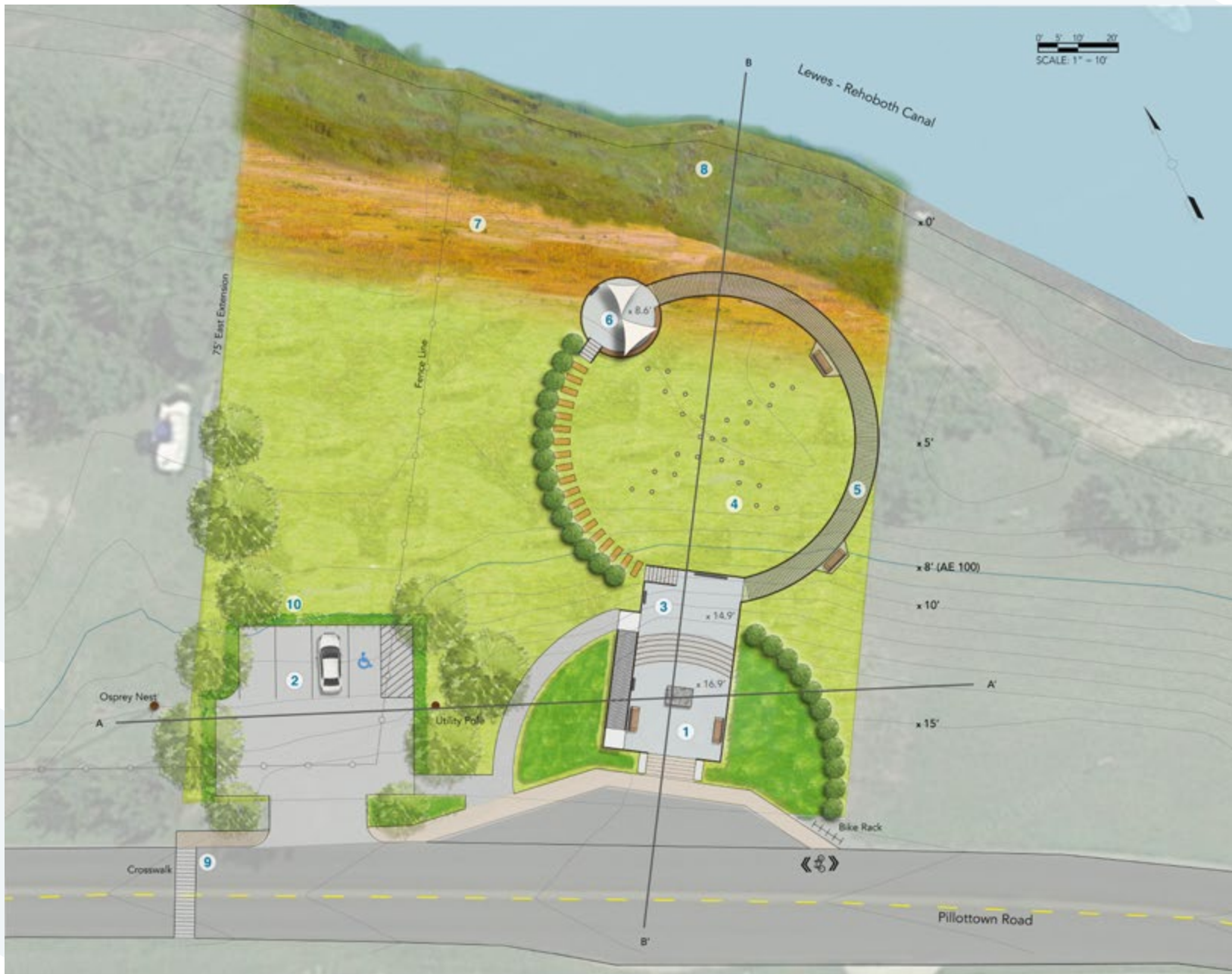
Current Monument



Site Location

Project Team

Dr. Jules Bruck, Principal & Founder
Ed Lewandowski, Principal
Emma Ruggiero, Designer
Joshua Gainey, Designer
Mark Switliski, Designer
Shannon Brown, Designer
Janelle Skaden, Designer



ZWAANENDAEL - DEVRIES MONUMENT

UD COASTAL
RESILIENCE DESIGN
STUDIO

GAINEY, JOSH
RUGGIERO, EMMA
SWITLISKI, MARK

- 1 Zwannendael - DeVries Monument**
Metal Grate ADA Ramp
Benches
Bike Rack
Sign: Monument Significance
- 2 Parking Area**
4 spaces, 1 ADA
Pervious Concrete
Pathway to Monument
- 3 Lower Monument Platform**
Sitting Steps
Ramp Up to Monument
Path Down to Lower Outlook
Steps Down to Ground Level
Sign: History Timeline
Sign: Osprey Nest
- 4 Landscape Palisades**
Sculptural Style
Landscape Grasses
Dutch Architecture Inspired
- 5 Elevated Pathway**
Metal Grate; Elevated
Bench Seating
Cable Railing
- 6 Lower Outlook**
Bench Seating
Modular Shade Sails
Sign: Living Shoreline, &
Wildlife Habitat
- 7 Upland Meadow**
Allows for Marsh Migration
- 8 Living Shoreline Stabilization**
Spartina sp.
Oyster Bags (test site)
- 9 Bike Lane, Sidewalk & Crosswalk**
Continue Sidewalk
Two-Way Bike Lane
(Canal-side)
- 10 Planting Beds**
Surround Parking Area
Buffer Boat Lot / Osprey Nest

Current plan rendering of the site as of June 2020

Peat/Land: Adaptation Strategies for Eastern NC

EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA

December, 2019

This project explored the unique ecological, historical, and cultural role of peatland in North Carolina, and examined restoration and design strategies for these sensitive landscapes. Peatland is a unique type of wetland that produces peat through the partial decomposition of plants and other organic matter. Globally, peatland covers less than 3% of the earth's surface, but stores close to 50% of the world's soil carbon. Peatland conservation and restoration aligns with global priorities for climate adaptation, hazard mitigation, biodiversity conservation, and rural economic development, and landscape architects working in peatland contexts are positioned to lead these regenerative design efforts. This project identified three peatland contexts in NC for the implementation of restoration and design strategies: i) public access to conserved peatlands; ii) restoration of peatland drained for agriculture; iii) resilience and adaptation of rural towns built in and around peatlands.



Peatland as Flood Mitigation Strategy



Recreation-based Tourism



Peatland restoration strategies focus on three main priorities: habitat, hydrology, and carbon.



Migratory Bird Habitat

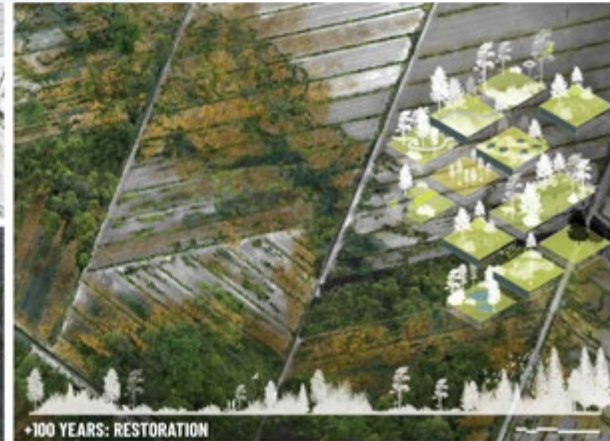
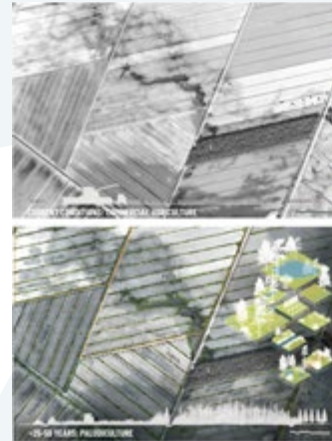
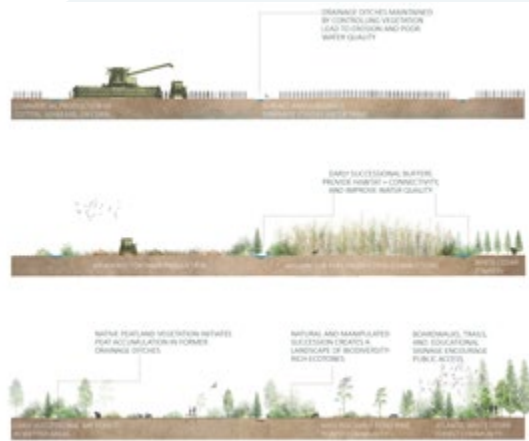
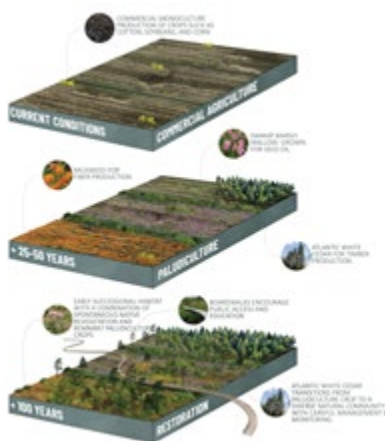


Community Gardens

Project Team

Madalyn Baldwin, Student ASLA
Andrew Fox, FASLA, PLA, Faculty Advisor

NC STATE Design



AGRICULTURAL LAND: RESTORATION + INNOVATIVE AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES

PALUDICULTURE

WET AGRICULTURE ON PEATLAND

- REWETTING DRAINED PEATLAND
- CULTIVATING NATIVE PEAT-ADAPTED SPECIES

Legend: PEATLAND (orange), FARMLAND (green)

COASTAL PLAIN CASH CROPS: COTTON, CORN, WHEAT, SOY, POTATOES

BENEFITS AND OUTCOMES

- REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
- INCREASES BIOMASS TO ENCOURAGE PEAT FORMATION
- REDUCES FLOOD RISK DUE TO PEAT SUBSIDENCE
- IMPROVES BIODIVERSITY + RESTORES HABITAT
- IMPROVES WATER QUALITY

NC PALUDICULTURE CROP POTENTIAL

Category	Crop Name	Scientific Name
TIMBER	ATLANTIC WHITE CEDAR	<i>Chamaecyparis thyoides</i>
	SWEET GUM	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
	WATER TUPELO	<i>Nyssa aquatica</i>
	BALD CYPRESS	<i>Taxodium distichum</i>
FIBER	MILKWEED	<i>Asclepias tuberosa</i>
	CAREX SPECIES	<i>Carex spp.</i>
FUEL	SALTMARSH MALLOW	<i>Kosteletzkya virginica</i>
	WILLOW	<i>Salix spp.</i>

Paludiculture, an emerging and innovative form of wet agriculture on peatland, offers an ecologically responsible, income-generating alternative to current farming practices.

Sound Design: Reconnecting the Coastal Edge

NAGS HEAD, NORTH CAROLINA

May, 2020

The Sound Design project proposes a new civic space for the Town of Nags Head, North Carolina. Nags Head is a coastal community located on the Outer Banks, which situates it as a premier location replete with beautiful and rich natural resources. These characteristics make it an attractive place to live, work and visit. The project is organized around three main issues: environment, economy, and well-being. Using these foci, the project aims to promote a coastal lifestyle that preserves coastal heritage while reducing the impacts of climate change through the use of adaptive, sustainable, and connective strategies. The primary design elements include: shoreline management, multi-functional open spaces, and a publicly accessible sound-side circulation system that fulfills the needs of the community while reconnecting the critical ecologies along the coastal edge. The goal of this proposal is to create a model landscape for future sound-side planning.



Site Plan



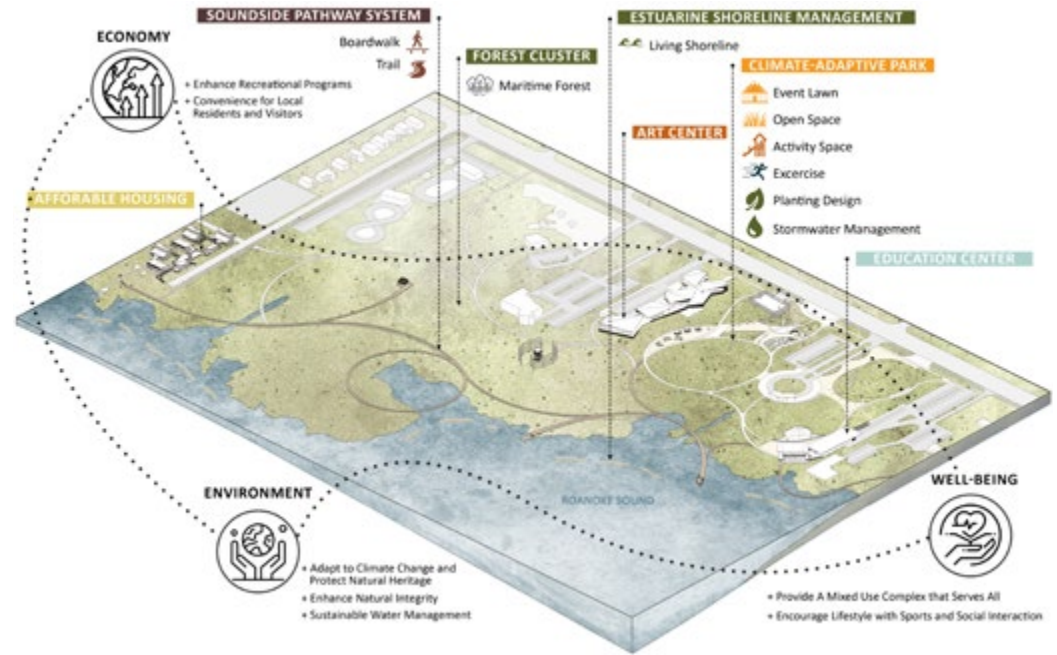
Multi-functional Spaces

Project Team

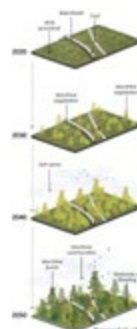
Xinyi Liu, Student ASLA

Xinyu Li, Student ASLA

Andrew Fox, FASLA, PLA, Faculty Advisor



Site Programming



Adaptive Management



Design Framework

Soundside Education + Research Center

NAGS HEAD, NORTH CAROLINA

PUBLIC FACILITIES

May, 2020

The Town of Nags Head Soundside Education + Research Center serves the community by providing a variety of activity options for visitors and year-round residents alike. The 20,000 SF center sits on a 6-acre site surrounded by a marsh overlooking the Pamlico Sound. The facility anchors the southwest end of Nags Head where thousands of people walk, bike, and drive by every year on their way into and off of the island. The center encourages understanding and protection of coastal wetlands while increasing community interaction and economic development. Enhanced pedestrian pathways, sidewalks, bike paths, stoplights, and miles of new scenic trails create a more healthy and active lifestyle on Nags Head. While the building form was inspired by marine structures and forms found in the local ecosystem, the natural material palette and low dynamic profile help to ground it to the everchanging marshscape for years to come.



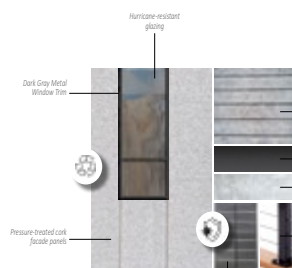
Interior Educational Spaces



Site Context



The building form is biomimetic and sited to celebrate views while minimizing environmental impacts.



Resilient Materials

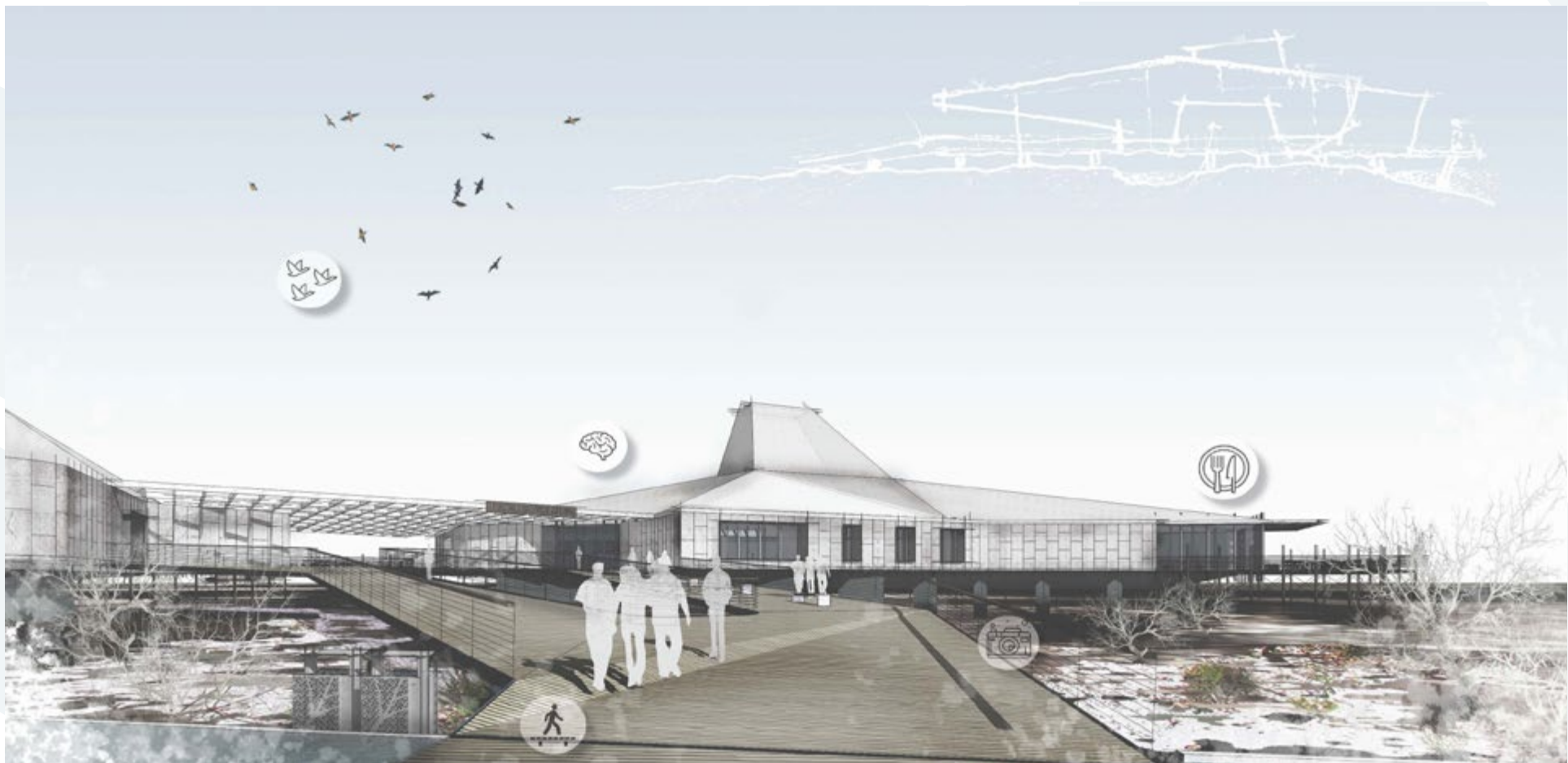
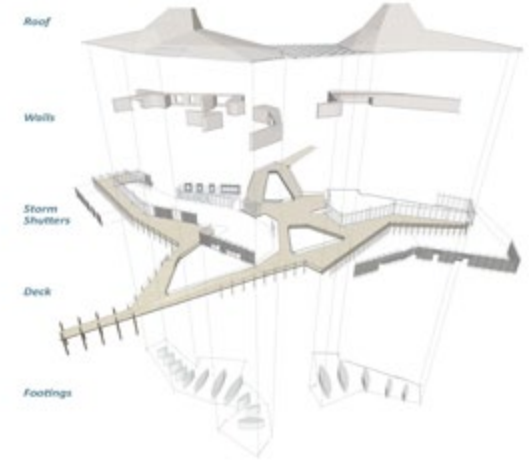
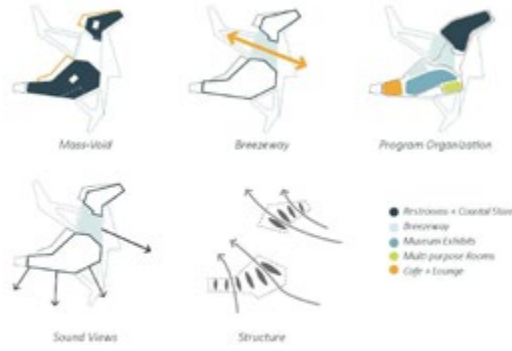
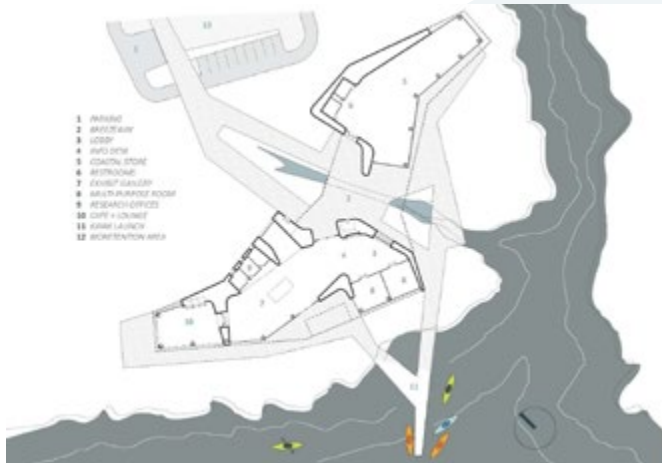


Connections to the Sound

Project Team

Ryan Cooper, Student AIA
 Andrew Fox, FASLA, PLA, Faculty Advisor
 David Hill, FAIA, Faculty Advisor

NC STATE Design



Building Organization, Components, and Entry Sequence

Water Renaissance

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

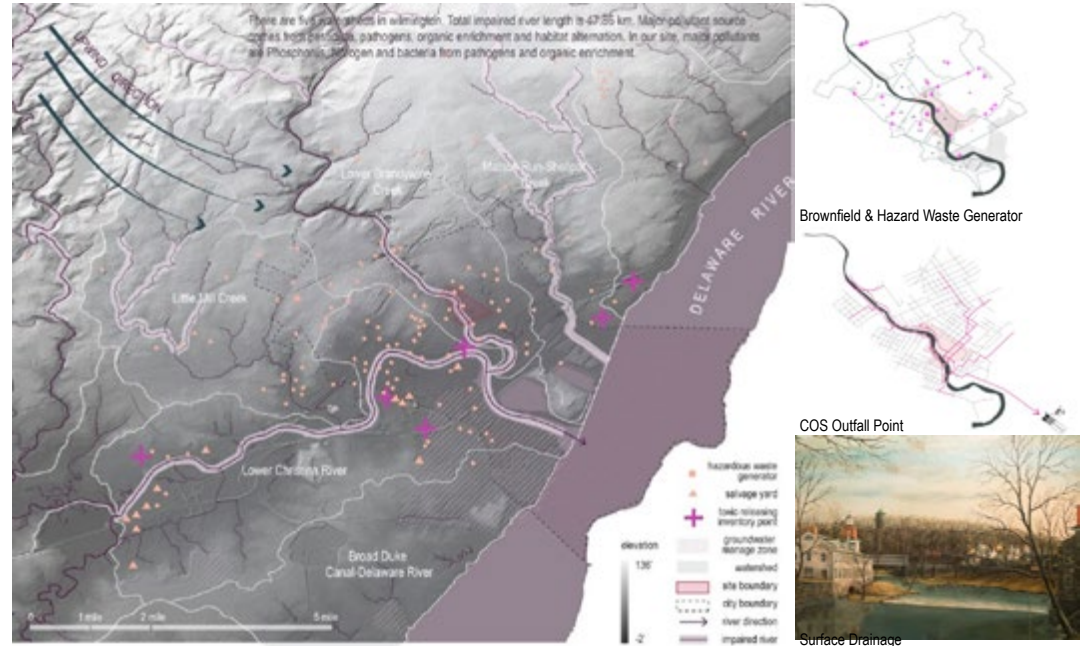
BROWN-FIELD REVITALIZATION
FLOOD MITIGATION

October, 2020

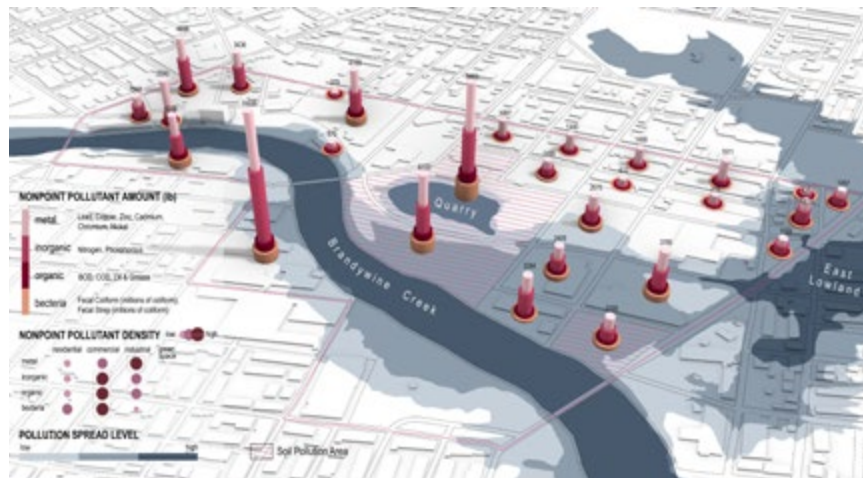
The project describes how we transform a riverfront brown-field into a mixed-use developing community. The site is in Wilmington Delaware, separated with Downtown by the Brandywine Creek, about 130 acres with 25% vacancy and 60% flood-prone. It used to be an artist colony, the home of Brandywine School art illustration. Due to previous industrial development, it has been classified as one of EPA Program brown-fields left with vacant land threatened by flooding and impaired rivers. Thus, the goal is to revitalize the brown-field lot by bringing the art back to the land and also protect it from flooding and water pollution.



“The Brandywine” by Frank Jefferis
Source: t.ly/8quR



Problem Statement



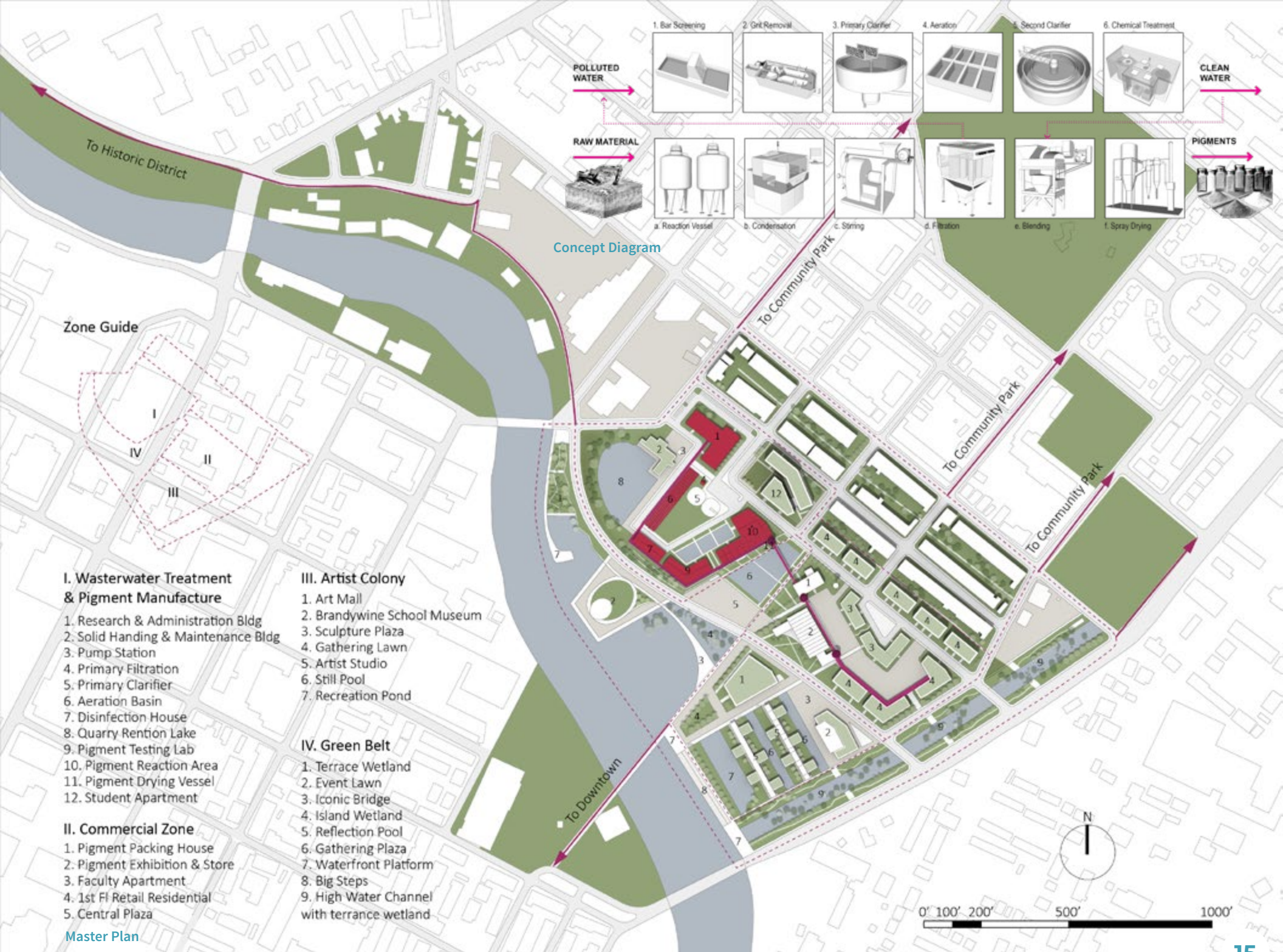
Contamination Analysis



Site Introduction

Project Team

Wuqi Lyu & Zhenhang Cai, Author
Dr. Galen Newman & Dr. Jane Winslow, Instructor



Concept Diagram

Zone Guide

I. Wasterwater Treatment & Pigment Manufacture

- 1. Research & Administration Bldg
- 2. Solid Handling & Maintenance Bldg
- 3. Pump Station
- 4. Primary Filtration
- 5. Primary Clarifier
- 6. Aeration Basin
- 7. Disinfection House
- 8. Quarry Rention Lake
- 9. Pigment Testing Lab
- 10. Pigment Reaction Area
- 11. Pigment Drying Vessel
- 12. Student Apartment

II. Commercial Zone

- 1. Pigment Packing House
- 2. Pigment Exhibition & Store
- 3. Faculty Apartment
- 4. 1st Fl Retail Residential
- 5. Central Plaza

III. Artist Colony

- 1. Art Mall
- 2. Brandywine School Museum
- 3. Sculpture Plaza
- 4. Gathering Lawn
- 5. Artist Studio
- 6. Still Pool
- 7. Recreation Pond

IV. Green Belt

- 1. Terrace Wetland
- 2. Event Lawn
- 3. Iconic Bridge
- 4. Island Wetland
- 5. Reflection Pool
- 6. Gathering Plaza
- 7. Waterfront Platform
- 8. Big Steps
- 9. High Water Channel with terrace wetland

Master Plan

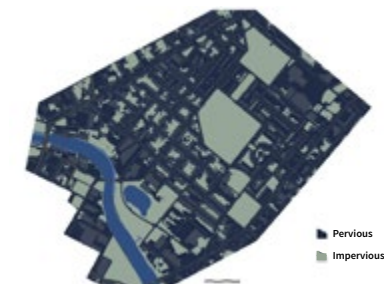
Northeast Neighborhood Master Plan

WILMINGTON, DE

CONNECTION OF GREEN SPACES
GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

November 2020

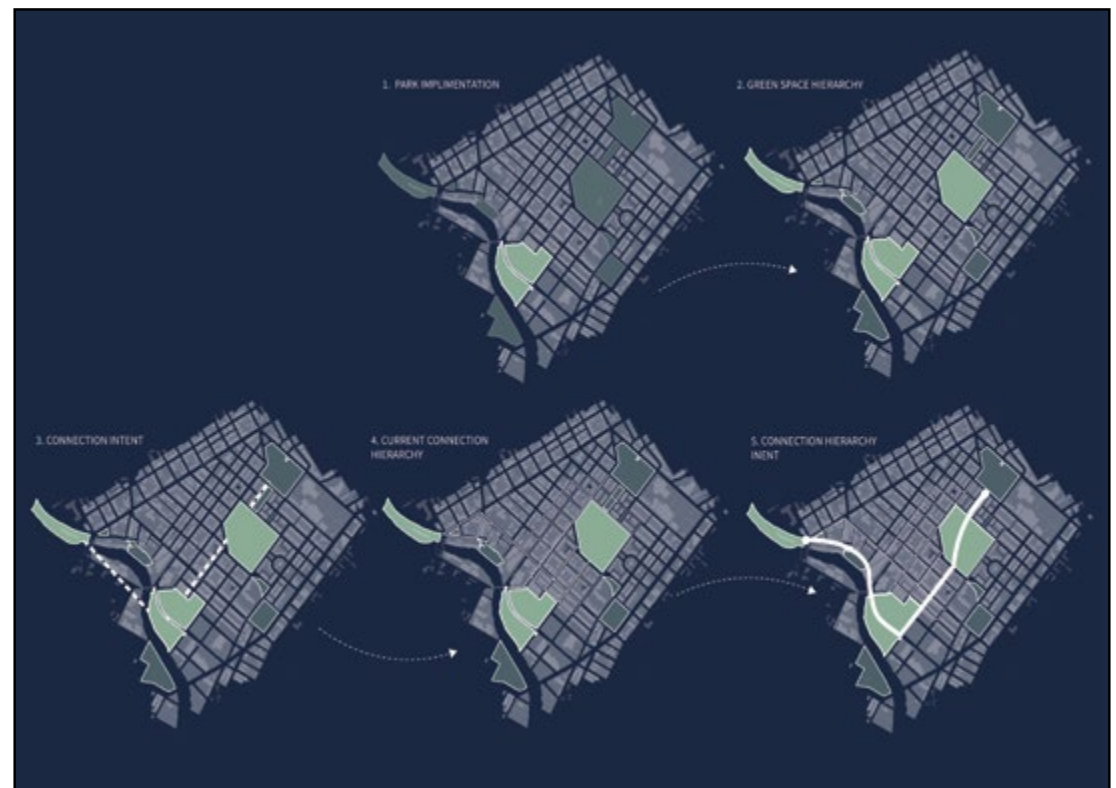
Our goal is to create a fluid corridor between green spaces with the connection of anchor points. The anchor points being: a city planned recreational area between Pine St and Church St, the existing (the big park), and the intersection where N Market St and Brandywine Park starts. Now the city can take advantage of stormwater management tactics being implemented along the corridor. The use of these strategies control stormwater compared to the current state and beautify the Northeast.



Pervious Vs Impervious



Northeast Anchor



Northeast Connections

Over-arching Design Idea:

To provide a safe, green connection between Brandywine Park and the NorthEast through bike and walking paths that join existing anchor points to the proposed activity-oriented anchor at the waterfront.

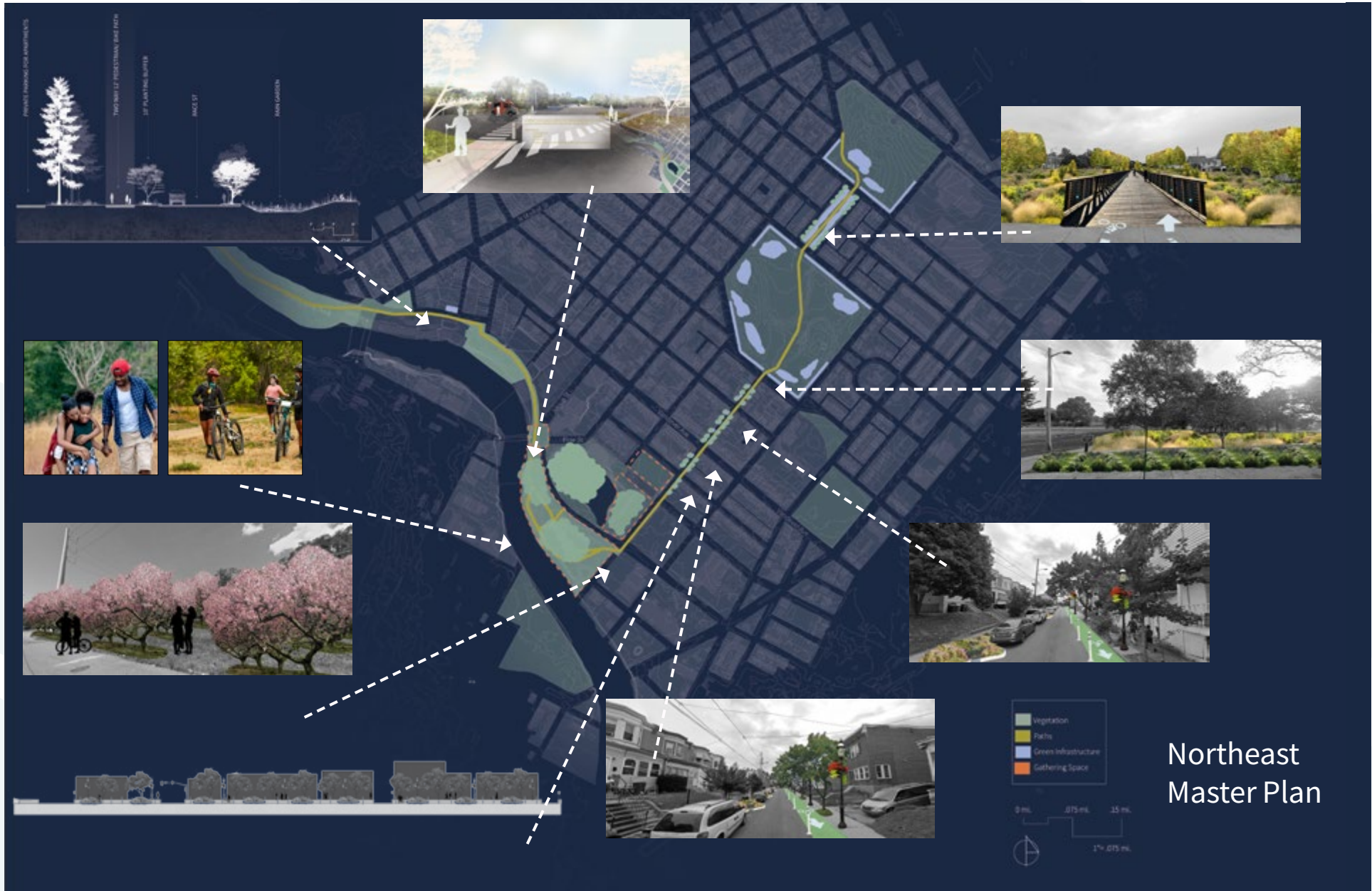


Brandywine Waterfront
Anchor

Project Team

Nick Bruce
Shirely Duffy
Chris Fettke von Koeckritz





Northeast Master Plan

Northeast Master Plan

Northeast Neighborhood Master Plan

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

November 2020

For this design proposal, we are focused on the Brandywine Creek contamination issues. Our objective is to establish a sustainable solution to solve this problem and mitigate¹ the contaminants entering the creek. When we were exploring the Northeast of Wilmington, DE, we came up with the idea to use green infrastructure to reduce pollution entering the Creek during storm events from the combined sewage system. Bringing the community together into our new spaces is also one of our priorities in this project based on the opportunity we have. To solve the problem of excessive overflow entering the sewage system we implemented measures including bioswales, meadows, rain gardens and subterranean stormwater retention systems. These systems throughout the Northeast will capture thousands of gallons of yearly stormwater and allow it to infiltrate into the ground and reducing stormwater runoff. These natural systems will also provide wildlife habitat and a place for communities to gather.

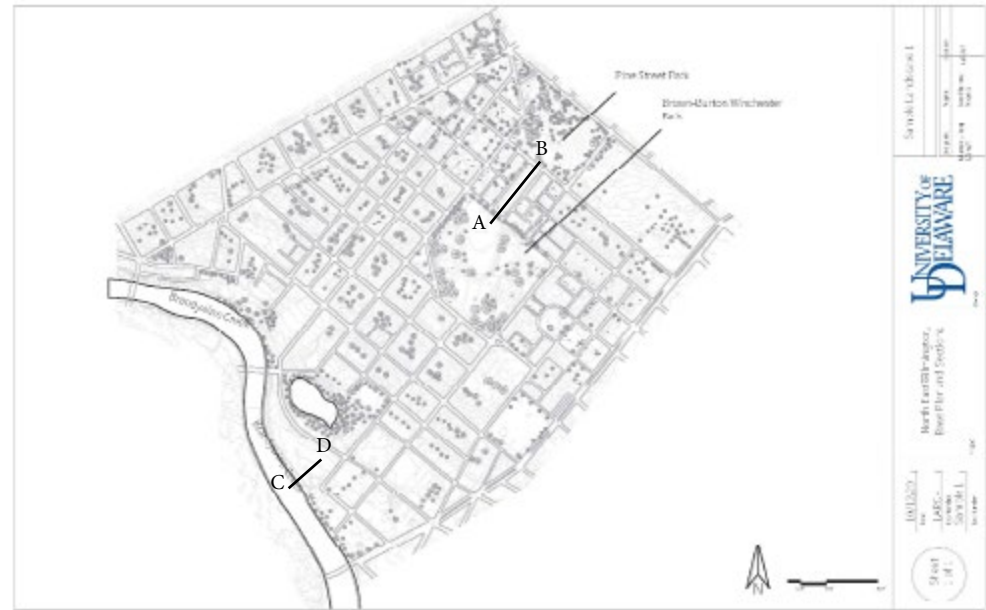


SECTION CUT, A-B

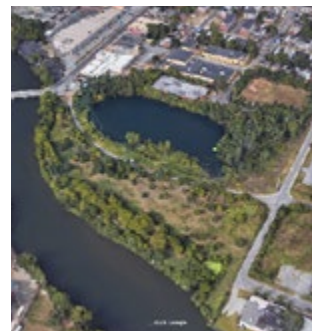


SECTION CUT, C-D

PLAN VIEW NORTHEAST WILMINGTON



PLAN VIEW NORTHEAST WILMINGTON








BROWN FIELD



PARK CONNECTION





- RESIDENTIAL 
- BUSINESS 
- BROWN FIELD 
- GREEN SPACE 
- SOCIAL SERVICES 

Land Use

Northeast Neighborhood Master Plan

WILMINGTON, DE

OPEN SPACE
GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

October 2020

Our design aims to create an urban environment that decreases urban distractions, while increasing involvement in existing green spaces throughout the Northeast Neighborhood of Wilmington.



Concept diagrams that show immersion in nature

Urban distractions are defined as conditions that negatively affect the urban landscape in various ways, such as disruptive sounds, lack of space, and obstacles that hinder accessibility. By designing spaces that immerse residents in nature, these urban distractions will be camouflaged.



Concept section that shows connection through green infrastructure

These spaces will be connected by green infrastructure elements including bike lanes with permeable pavement and rain gardens.

Project Team
Amy Matusheski
Conner Graybeal
Kenly Velasquez



Parti Diagram (N.T.S.)



Diagram analyzing Space



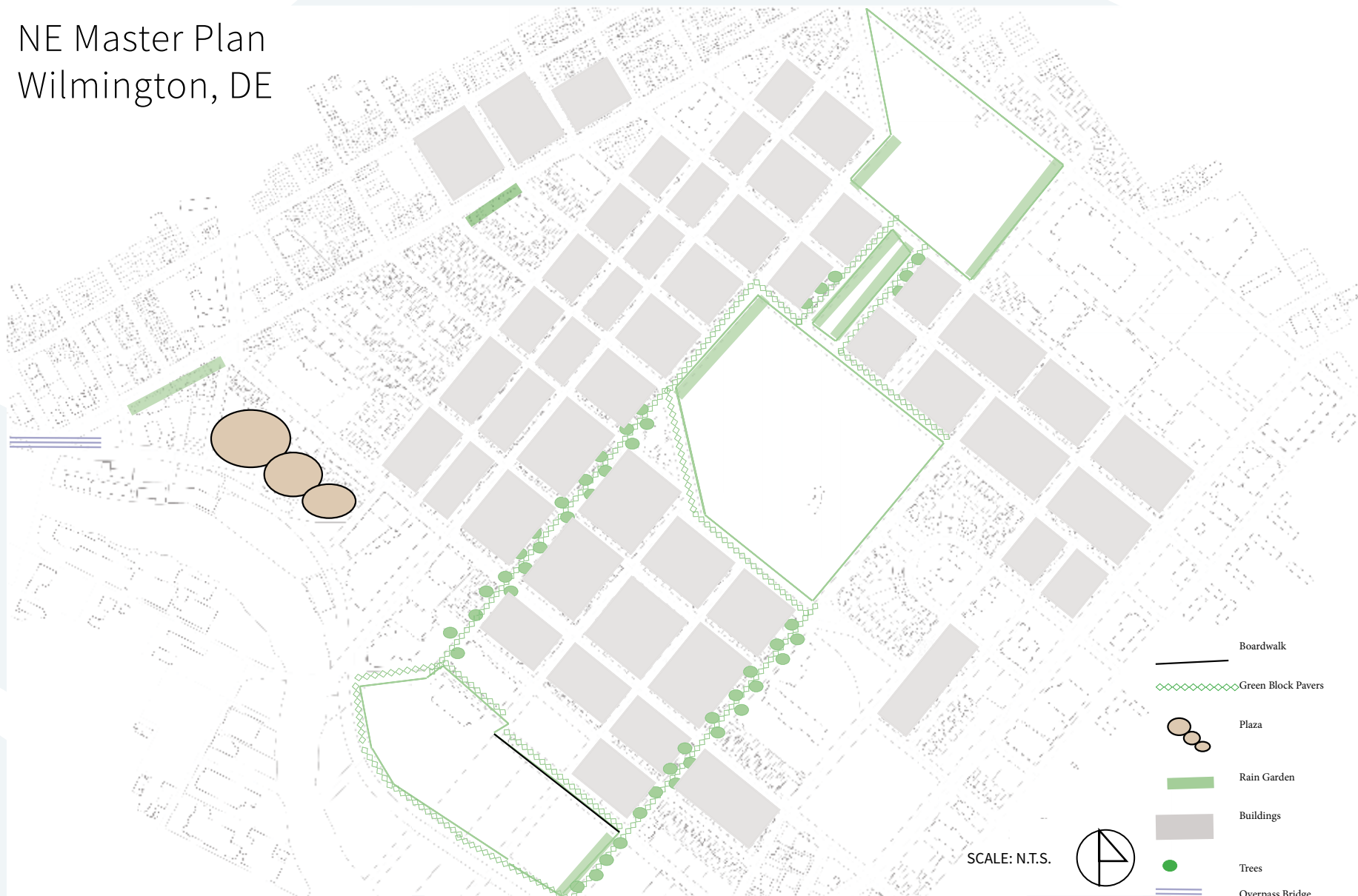
Diagram analyzing Accessibility



Diagram analyzing Sound



NE Master Plan Wilmington, DE



Northeast Master Plan

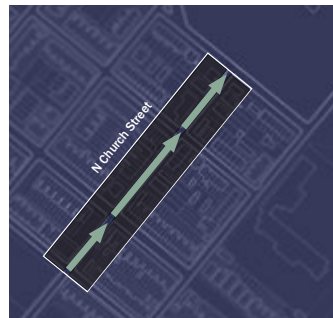
WILMINGTON, DE

October, 2020

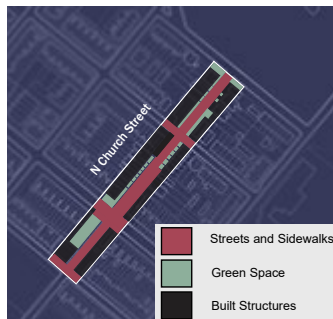
The initial interest was active vs. inactive spaces and what it means for a space to be “activated.” We investigated form, function, and social based activation throughout the Northeast which led us to create a system of activation within the NE boundaries. We approached this by activating the links between spaces that were identified as “inactivated”. The first of our three sites that we chose to focus on is the Brown-Burton Winchester Park and its relationship to Pine Street Park. Second, Church Street through the incorporation of green infrastructure and finally, the Brandywine Mills Park and its potential connection to the Boys and Girls Club site, through an elevated river walk. The intent of these designs is for the power and connection of active spaces to improve quality of life for the residents of the Northeast, and invites private sector investment to continue improving the quality of the urban landscape in Wilmington.

Project Team

Cole Garrett
Austin Dill
Alex Hubler



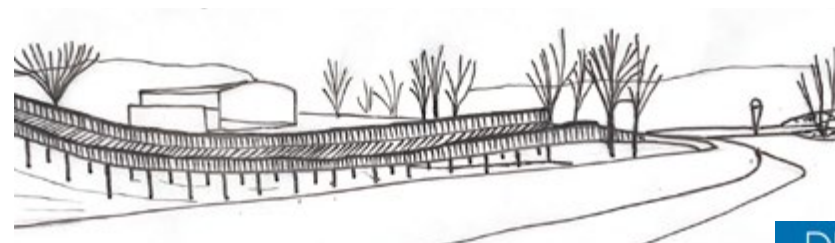
Traffic Patterns



Surface Conditions



Initial Parti Diagram: Showing Areas of Interest With Connections Before Broken Down



Elevated River Walk





Master Plan

Northeast Wilmington

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

CONNECTIVITY
PUBLIC SPACE
GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

October 2020

This concept plan addresses the existing barriers, both physical and perceived, that are pervasive in the Northeast neighborhood of Wilmington, Delaware. Our team's design interventions reflect a goal to pierce through some of those barriers to create incremental and lasting change for the residents and stakeholders currently living and working in this neighborhood. Our recommendations seek to offer a different type of approach to economic redevelopment, designed to create an organic and positive outflow of community pride and reinvestment.



Spruce Street Concept Rendering



Spruce Street Section



16th Street Gateway Plan



Gateway Section



Riverwalk Pedestrian Bridge

Project Team

Alec Betters

DJ Bromley

Leigh Muldrow





Church Street Green Infrastructure Plan